



Brampton Brick Limited

2016 Third Quarter Report

BRAMPTON
BRICK
Limited
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FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
PREPARED AS OF NOVEMBER 9, 2016

The following management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") for the three and nine month interim periods ended September 30, 2016, should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016, and with the audited 2015 annual consolidated financial statements and the 2015 annual MD&A included in the Company's 2015 Annual Report, which may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. All amounts are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated.

DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The Company recorded a net income of \$4,636, or \$0.42 per share, for the third quarter ended September 30, 2016, compared to a net income of \$4,324, or \$0.39 per share, for the third quarter of 2015. The aggregate weighted average number of Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares outstanding was 10,947,254 for the third quarter of each of 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Revenues increased to \$43,811 in the third quarter of 2016 from \$40,465 for the corresponding quarter of 2015 due to higher shipments in both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments. The pace of residential construction and the strength in the housing market during the first half of the year continued through the third quarter of 2016 and supported the growth in shipments of both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments over the corresponding quarter in 2015.

Cost of sales for the third quarter ended September 30, 2016 increased to \$31,683, from \$28,788 for the corresponding period in 2015, primarily due to an increase in the volume of shipments. However, lower production volumes during the current quarter and the direct impact on per unit fixed manufacturing costs, as well as the timing of equipment modifications at the Farmersburg clay brick plant, increased cost of sales incurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2016 compared to the corresponding period in 2015.

Selling expenses for the third quarter of 2016 of \$2,837 were consistent with expenses of \$2,776, for the corresponding quarter of 2015.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$2,142 for the third quarter ended September 30, 2016, from \$1,849 for the corresponding period in 2015 due to a general increase in personnel-related expenses.

The loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment of \$147 for the third quarter of 2016 relates to miscellaneous plant equipment replaced, primarily at the Brampton clay brick plant, in order to increase long-term operational efficiencies and reduce production costs. This compares to a gain on sale of assets of \$14 in 2015.

Other expense decreased to \$18 compared to \$379 for the corresponding prior period due to comparatively lower fluctuations in the U.S. dollar currency exchange rates impacting operations during the third quarter of 2016. Other expense includes the net gains and losses on the translation of foreign currency transactions, converted into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Operating income increased to \$6,984 for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, from \$6,687 for the same quarter of 2015.

Finance expense for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$346, compared to \$785 for the corresponding quarter in 2015. Excluding the change in the fair value of the interest rate swap which amounted to an unrealized gain of \$50 (2015 – unrealized loss of \$346), net interest expense for the current quarter decreased to \$396 compared to \$439 in the third quarter of 2015 on lower debt balances. The decrease in outstanding debt balances was due to scheduled repayments amounting to \$2,500 and \$1,500 made in the second half of 2015 and in the current quarter of 2016 respectively, as discussed in Note 7 of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Provision for income taxes totaled \$2,002 for the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$1,578 for the same period in 2015. The increase was due to the improvement in operating results from the Canadian operations in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the same period in 2015. The income tax provision in both periods relates to the pre-tax income of the Company's Canadian operations. The Company has not recorded a deferred tax asset with respect to the potential deferred tax benefit pertaining to losses incurred by its U.S. operations.

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded net income of \$6,170, or \$0.56 per share, compared to a net income of \$5,354, or \$0.47 per share, for the same period in 2015. The aggregate weighted average number of Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares outstanding for the periods ended September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 were 10,947,254 and 10,943,058, respectively.

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 grew by 12% to \$106,287, from \$94,666 for the same period in 2015, primarily due to growth in shipments in both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments. The combined effects of weather conditions favourable for construction, a strong housing market in Canada and an expanded product portfolio positively impacted operations for the year-to-date period of 2016.

Cost of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased to \$80,623 from \$72,627 for the corresponding period in 2015. This increase was primarily due to:

- a) higher shipments which were partially offset by the favourable impact of higher production volumes on per unit costs;

- b) plant costs incurred at the Farmersburg, Indiana clay brick facility totaling approximately \$4.1 million and charged directly to operations as a result of:
- i) a temporary plant shutdown for maintenance during the first four months of 2016; and
 - ii) the lost production volume as a result of the installation, commissioning and production trial runs of new and more efficient, process equipment; and
- c) costs charged to operations, in excess of \$700, due to lost production volume, as a consequence of equipment commissioning, retrofitting and product testing related to the concrete products manufacturing plant, located in Boisbriand, Quebec. This plant's assets were acquired in April 2016 and commercial production commenced during the current quarter of 2016.

The improvement in gross margin for the period ended September 30, 2016 was primarily due to the positive impact of lower per unit costs on higher production volumes in both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments. Partially offsetting the improved gross margin was a decrease in property tax assessment refunds of only \$68 in the quarter ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$623 in the corresponding quarter in 2015.

Selling expenses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016 were \$8,344, compared to \$7,344 for the corresponding period in 2015. Greater sales promotion and personnel costs related to the increase in volumes. Additionally, higher expenses related to incremental product offerings and to upgrades and associated maintenance costs of new marketing platforms and customer service tools added to the unfavourable variance.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$5,856 for the nine months of 2016, compared to \$4,530 for the same period in 2015. A large part of this year-over-year variance relates to a reversal of provisions totaling \$900 in 2015. In addition, general increases in personnel-related expenses were recognized during the year-to-date period of 2016.

Other expense of \$280 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$764 for the corresponding prior period relates primarily to the loss on translation of foreign currency transactions as a result of currency exchange fluctuations attributed to the U.S. dollar during the period. The decrease in the foreign currency exchange loss is due to the impact of comparatively smaller movements in the U.S. dollar currency exchange rate on operations compared to the corresponding period of 2015.

Operating income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$11,037, compared to \$9,407 for the same period in 2015.

Finance expense for the year-to-date period of 2016 totaled \$1,697, compared to \$1,855 for the nine-month period of 2015. Excluding the unrealized loss on the interest rate swap of \$474 (2015 - \$478), finance expense for the nine months of 2016 decreased to \$1,223 compared to \$1,377 for the corresponding period in 2015. This decrease in finance expense was due to lower debt balances, as described above under the

discussion for the three month period ended September 30, 2016.

A provision for income taxes totaling \$3,170 was recorded for the nine months of 2016 compared to \$2,198 for the same period in 2015. The income tax provisions for the year-to-date periods of 2016 and 2015 relate only to the Company's Canadian operations. The Company has not recorded a deferred tax asset with respect to the potential deferred tax benefit pertaining to losses incurred by its U.S. operations.

The following paragraphs explain each operating business segment in more detail:

MASONRY PRODUCTS

Revenues of the Masonry Products business segment increased by 9% to \$28,758 for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$26,290 for the same quarter in 2015. The momentum in residential construction during the current quarter continued to positively impact shipments in the Canadian markets for this business segment. Operating income for the current quarter increased to \$3,834, compared to \$3,572 for the same quarter in 2015. The increase in cost of sales as noted above was attributable to higher shipments and process improvement costs incurred at the Farmersburg, Indiana clay brick facility, which reduced the overall level of production activity during the third quarter of 2016.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, revenues of the Masonry Products business segment increased 13% to \$74,556 from \$66,231 in the corresponding period of 2015. Continuing strength in the housing market and mild weather conditions supported the increase in shipments during the year-to-date period of 2016.

Cost of sales for the nine months of 2016 increased by 11% to \$58,037 from \$52,162 for the corresponding period in 2015. The increase in costs of sales was due to higher masonry products' shipments which were largely offset by the impact of lower per unit costs on comparatively higher production volumes. Costs incurred at the Farmersburg, Indiana clay brick facility were significantly higher during the year-to-date period of 2016 as compared to the same period of 2015, for the same reasons noted above.

In addition, a lower foreign currency exchange loss of \$263 for the year-to-date period of 2016 compared to \$958 in the corresponding prior year comparative and property tax assessment credits on prior period assessments amounting to \$539 were recognized in 2015.

The operating income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$6,489 compared to \$4,692 for the comparative period of 2015.

LANDSCAPE PRODUCTS

Revenues of the Landscape Products' business segment for the three months ended September 30, 2016 increased to \$15,053, from \$14,175 for the same period in 2015. Favourable weather conditions, enhanced customer service initiatives and a wider product range supported the growth in revenues during the quarter. Cost of sales for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 increased to \$10,144 from \$9,605, primarily due to an increase in product shipments.

As a result, the operating income for the third quarter of 2016 increased to \$3,150 compared to \$3,116 for the same period in 2015.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, revenues of the Landscape Products business segment increased to \$31,731 from \$28,435 for the corresponding period in 2015. Higher shipments, favourable weather conditions and increasing demand for recently launched new products contributed to the increase in revenues for the first nine months of 2016.

Cost of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased to \$22,586 from \$20,466 for the corresponding period in 2015, due to higher shipment volumes and related costs.

During the nine months of 2016, both selling and general and administrative expenses were higher during the period primarily due to continued improvements to customer service management systems and an increase in other general and administrative expenses as noted above.

As a result, operating income of the Landscape Products business segment, for the year-to-date period of 2016, decreased marginally to \$4,548 from \$4,718 for the same period for 2015.

CASH FLOWS

Cash provided by operating activities increased to \$12,510 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$6,611 for the same period in 2015. An improvement in operating results and a comparative decrease in inventories held were partially offset by an increase in trade receivables due to higher shipment levels and the timing of collections, and higher income tax payments.

Cash utilized for purchases of property, plant and equipment totaled \$10,296 in the year-to-date period of 2016, compared to \$3,413 for the corresponding period in 2015. These purchases included equipment upgrades, at both U.S. facilities and at certain Canadian plants.

In addition, on April 9, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets from Eurobloq Inc., a concrete products manufacturing company located in the Province of Quebec. The assets acquired included land and buildings and concrete products manufacturing equipment, all located in Boisbriand, Quebec. The purchase price for the assets of \$5,000 and other related acquisition costs were financed from the Company's committed revolving term loan and its demand operating credit facility. On April 1, 2016, an amount of \$3,405 was drawn on the committed revolving term loan.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company's Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments are seasonal in nature. The Landscape Products business is affected by seasonality to a greater degree than is the Masonry Products business. As a result of this seasonality, operating results are impacted accordingly and cash requirements are generally expected to increase

through the first half of the year and decline through the second half of the year.

There were no bank operating advances outstanding as at September 30, 2016, and as at December 31, 2015, respectively.

Trade payables totaled \$17,880 at September 30, 2016 compared to \$17,655 at December 31, 2015.

The ratio of total liabilities to shareholders' equity was 0.57:1 at both September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 because the relative increase in total liabilities was offset by an increase in shareholders' equity. The increase in total liabilities was due to an increase in other liabilities, owing to the timing of consumption tax payments which increased due to higher revenues. The relative increase in retained earnings from net income for the period ended September 30, 2016 was partially offset by a decrease in the foreign exchange translation gain included in 'Accumulated other comprehensive income' due to the relative strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar during the year-to-date period of 2016.

As at September 30, 2016, the Company's current ratio was 2.08:1, representing working capital of \$32,813 compared to 1.94:1 and \$27,125, respectively, as at December 31, 2015. The increase in working capital was due to comparatively higher cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables which increased due to higher third quarter revenues and was offset by an increase in other liabilities and a decrease in inventories held. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$5,759 at September 30, 2016, compared to \$4,021 at December 31, 2015.

The Company's demand operating facility provides for borrowings of up to \$22,000 based on margin formulae for trade receivables, certain other qualified receivables and inventories, less priority claims and the mark-to-market exposure on swap contracts. It is a demand facility secured by a general security agreement over all of the Company's assets excluding the Company's 225 Wanless Drive, Brampton, Ontario property. The agreement also contains certain financial covenants.

As at September 30, 2016, the borrowing limit based on the margin formulae was \$22,000, of which \$325 in outstanding letters of credit were utilized.

The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants under its term financing agreement and operating credit facility as at September 30, 2016 and anticipates that it will maintain compliance throughout the year.

The Company expects that future cash flows from operations, cash and cash equivalents on hand and the unutilized balance of its operating credit facility will be sufficient to satisfy its obligations as they become due.

Information with respect to the Company's material off-balance sheet arrangements, which consist primarily of operating leases, purchase commitments and natural gas supply and transportation contracts, is disclosed in the table of contractual obligations in the annual MD&A included with the Company's 2015 Annual Report and in Note 13 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

With respect to contractual obligations outstanding as at September 30, 2016, changes during the year-to-date period include scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt and finance lease obligations and operating leases. Additional changes include reductions in the remaining balances of the Company's purchase obligations under its natural gas supply and transportation contracts. These are more fully described in Note 13 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is a summary of selected quarterly financial information for each of the eight most recently completed quarters (in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts):

TOTAL OPERATIONS	September 30		June 30		March 31		December 31	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2015	2014
Revenues	\$ 43,811	\$ 40,465	\$ 43,818	\$ 39,138	\$ 18,658	\$ 15,063	\$ 32,362	\$ 27,200
Net income (loss) attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited								
	\$ 4,636	\$ 4,324	\$ 5,272	\$ 5,507	\$(3,738)	\$(4,637)	\$ (524)	\$(10,231)
Net income (loss)								
	\$ 4,636	\$ 4,324	\$ 5,272	\$ 5,667	\$(3,738)	\$(4,637)	\$ (534)	\$(10,232)
Net income (loss) per share								
Basic	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.50	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.94)
Diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.49	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.94)

The quarterly financial information presented reflects the seasonal nature of the Company's Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments. Historically, sales of these business segments are greater in the second and third quarters of each year than in the first and fourth quarters. Consequently, the results of operations and cash flows reported each quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year, and the financial condition of the Company at the end of each quarter reflects these seasonal fluctuations.

Major factors affecting the comparability of the quarterly results are described below:

QUARTERS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

The increase in shipment volumes in both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments during the third quarter ended September 30, 2016, compared to the corresponding prior quarter in 2015, was supported by the underlying strength in residential construction in Ontario, Canada. Cost of sales increased due to higher shipments, however lower production volumes during the quarter increased per unit production costs. In addition, upgrades to process equipment at Farmersburg, Indiana continued through the current quarter which impacted production activity and increased operating costs at the facility.

QUARTERS ENDED JUNE 30

Favourable weather conditions, sustained momentum in the housing market which supported the strength in residential construction, as well as an expanded product portfolio produced an increase in revenues for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same quarter of 2015. The increase in costs of sales were due to increases in shipments and costs associated with both upgrades to process equipment installed at the Farmersburg, Indiana clay brick plant and the retrofit and other costs associated with the April 2016 acquisition of the Boisbriand, Quebec facility, during the second quarter of 2016. In addition, higher selling expenses due to an increase in sales promotion and personnel costs related to the increase in revenues increased operating expenses during the second quarter of 2016.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, transactions that positively impacted the results were a property tax credit of \$537, decreases in bad debt and other provisions, and an unrealized gain on the change in the fair value of the interest rate swap.

As a result, net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2016 was \$5,272, compared to \$5,667 for the same period in 2015.

QUARTERS ENDED MARCH 31

Revenues during the first quarter of 2016 increased across all product lines compared to the corresponding three months in 2015. Comparatively milder weather conditions and an increase in housing starts led to strong growth in the Company's Canadian markets.

Costs of sales increased due to higher shipments but were largely offset by lower per unit manufacturing costs on comparatively higher production levels. A temporary shutdown for maintenance and process improvements at the Farmersburg plant also unfavourably impacted costs.

During the first quarter of 2016, higher marketing and customer service related expenses were also incurred.

As a result, the net loss for the first quarter of 2016 decreased by \$899 compared to the same quarter in 2015.

QUARTERS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Revenues for the fourth quarter of 2015 increased by 19% over the same period in 2014, due to higher masonry and landscape product shipments. The comparative year-over-year increase in cost of sales was 10%, due to lower per unit manufacturing costs on higher production volumes.

Accordingly, operating results improved significantly in the fourth quarter of 2015. In the fourth quarter of 2014, an impairment loss of \$11,611 was recognized on the Farmersburg, Indiana plant but was partially offset by the gain on the sale of the Milton plant recognized during the fourth quarter of 2014, which amounted to \$3,155.

OTHER

Information with respect to 'Changes in Accounting Policies' is contained in Note 2 to the 2015 annual consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2015 Annual Report. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared using the same accounting policies applied to the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, along with applicable changes in accounting policies effective January 1, 2016, as described in Note 2 to the 2015 annual consolidated financial statements.

Information with respect to 'Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates' is disclosed in the 2015 annual MD&A and in Note 3 to the 2015 annual consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2015 Annual Report. To date, there have not been any significant changes to the Company's critical accounting judgments and estimates.

Information with respect to transactions with related parties is disclosed: (a) for the year ended December 31, 2015, in Note 23 to the 2015 annual consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2015 Annual Report; and (b) for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016, in Note 14 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The aggregate number of issued and outstanding Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares as at September 30, 2016 is disclosed in Note 9 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. There have been no changes to the issued and outstanding shares to the date of this MD&A.

During the second quarter of 2016, The Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") accepted a notice of intention (the "Notice") filed by the Company to make a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"). The Notice provided that the Company, during the 12-month period which commenced on May 16, 2016 and ends on May 15, 2017, could purchase on the TSX up to 460,431 Class A Subordinate Voting shares in total, being approximately 5% of the total number of Class A Subordinate Voting shares outstanding as of May 5, 2016. The Company did not repurchase any Class A Subordinate Voting shares under the NCIB during the period ended September 30, 2016.

The aggregate number of outstanding stock options as at September 30, 2016 that were fully vested and convertible to Class A Subordinate Voting shares upon exercise by the option holders is disclosed in Note 10 to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2016. There have been no changes to the outstanding number of stock options to the date of this MD&A.

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Report and Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2015 and the Management Information Circular issued in connection with the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on May 26, 2016, may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three month period ended September 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

OUTLOOK

The Company's Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments are cyclical. Demand for masonry products fluctuates in accordance with the level of new residential construction as well as industrial, commercial and institutional construction activity. Demand for landscape products fluctuates in accordance with the level of industrial, commercial and institutional construction activity, as well as consumer spending patterns.

Both business segments are seasonal, with the Landscape Products business affected to a greater degree than the Masonry Products business.

Through the first three quarters of 2016, the Company has shown positive operating results primarily due to favourable market conditions aided by an increase in both residential and commercial construction activity and favourable weather conditions. These positive market conditions have persisted through October and, weather permitting, should translate into a continued improvement of results.

The Company's facility based in Boisbriand, Quebec is operating as both a manufacturing and distribution site to the Quebec and Eastern Ontario markets. Although the Company will only see a partial benefit of this facility in 2016, as it was operated only for part of the year, the full benefit of having acquired this facility is expected to be realized in 2017.

The Canadian clay brick facility increased its production capacity utilization in the third quarter of this year in response to the demand generated by growth in Ontario residential housing. Through the remainder of the year production levels are expected to correspond to anticipated favourable market conditions.

Activity in the Company's U.S. market regions, related to residential housing, remains at historically low levels with respect to pricing and industry-wide clay brick capacity utilization. The Company's U.S. clay brick plant is in the process of completing its modification project in order to facilitate the production of commercial sector products which are anticipated to help improve production capacity utilization and the plant's gross margin levels.

Since the signing of the Universal Resource Recovery Inc. ("Universal") lease with its tenant, Universal has been self-sufficient on a cash basis. As a result, the Company did not need to fund any cash shortfalls in 2015 and through to September 30, 2016. Additionally, any excess cash flow at Universal is expected to be used to repay the loan receivable of the Company and of the other joint venture partner during the lease period.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained herein constitute “forward-looking statements”. All statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements, including, among others, statements regarding the expected repayment of the loan receivable from Universal and the expected self-sufficiency on a cash basis of Universal, forecasts of sufficient cash flows from operations and other sources of financing, anticipated compliance with financial covenants under debt agreements, anticipated sales of masonry and landscape products, and other statements regarding future plans, objectives, production levels, costs, productivity, results, business outlook and financial performance. There can be no assurance that such forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate.

Such forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to management, and are based on assumptions and analyses made by management in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, including, among others, assumptions regarding pricing, weather and seasonal expectations, production efficiency, and there being no significant disruptions affecting operations or other material adverse changes.

Such forward-looking statements also involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others: changes in economic conditions, including the demand for the Company’s primary products and the level of new home, commercial and other construction; large fluctuations in production levels; fluctuations in energy prices and other production costs; changes in transportation costs; foreign currency exchange and interest rate fluctuations; legislative and regulatory developments; as well as those assumptions, risks, uncertainties and other factors identified and discussed under “Risks and Uncertainties” in the 2015 annual MD&A included in the Company’s 2015 Annual Report and those identified and reported in the Company’s other public filings (including the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2015), which may be accessed at www.sedar.com.

The forward-looking information contained herein is made as of the date hereof. Other than as specifically required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, Subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of an interim financial report, the interim financial report must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim financial report has not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the company's management.

No auditor has performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Jeffrey G. Kerbel
President and Chief Executive Officer

Trevor M. Sandler
Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer

Dated as of the 9th day of November, 2016.

(unaudited)(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 5,759	\$ 4,021
Trade and other receivables		26,665	18,711
Inventories		29,067	32,163
Other assets		1,635	1,111
Loan receivable	4	88	85
		63,214	56,091
Non-current assets			
Loans receivable	4	4,436	4,947
Property, plant and equipment	5	168,618	168,091
		173,054	173,038
Total assets	15	\$ 236,268	\$ 229,129
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		\$ 17,880	\$ 17,655
Income tax payable	11	2,041	1,729
Current portion of debt	7	5,482	6,380
Current derivative financial instrument	8	209	248
Decommissioning provisions		27	30
Other liabilities		4,762	2,924
		30,401	28,966
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current portion of debt	7	33,987	32,970
Non-current derivative financial instrument	8	769	256
Decommissioning provisions		5,397	5,377
Deferred tax liabilities	11	15,691	15,681
		55,844	54,284
Total liabilities		\$ 86,245	\$ 83,250
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited			
Share capital	9	\$ 33,755	\$ 33,755
Contributed surplus	10	3,014	2,641
Accumulated other comprehensive income		9,812	12,176
Retained earnings		103,440	97,270
		150,021	145,842
Non-controlling interests	14	2	37
Total equity		150,023	145,879
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 236,268	\$ 229,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

(unaudited)(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	Notes	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues	14, 15, 16	\$ 43,811	\$ 40,465	\$ 106,287	\$ 94,666
Cost of sales		31,683	28,788	80,623	72,627
Selling expenses		2,837	2,776	8,344	7,344
General and administrative expenses		2,142	1,849	5,856	4,530
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		147	(14)	147	(6)
Other expense		18	379	280	764
		36,827	33,778	95,250	85,259
Operating income		6,984	6,687	11,037	9,407
Finance expense	6, 7, 8	(346)	(785)	(1,697)	(1,855)
Income before income taxes		6,638	5,902	9,340	7,552
Provision for income taxes	11				
Current		(1,933)	(1,291)	(3,159)	(1,753)
Deferred		(69)	(287)	(11)	(445)
		(2,002)	(1,578)	(3,170)	(2,198)
Net income for the period		\$ 4,636	\$ 4,324	\$ 6,170	\$ 5,354
Net income attributable to:					
Shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited		\$ 4,636	\$ 4,324	\$ 6,170	\$ 5,194
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	160
Net income for the period		\$ 4,636	\$ 4,324	\$ 6,170	\$ 5,354
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that will be reclassified subse- quently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met:					
Foreign currency translation income (loss)		\$ 705	\$ 2,945	\$ (2,364)	\$ 5,919
Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ 5,341	\$ 7,269	\$ 3,806	\$ 11,273
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited		\$ 5,341	\$ 7,269	\$ 3,806	\$ 11,113
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	160
Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ 5,341	\$ 7,269	\$ 3,806	\$ 11,273
Net income per Class A Subordinate Voting share and Class B Multiple Voting share attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited					
Basic	12	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.47
Diluted	12	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.46

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited								
	Notes	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-Controlling interest	Total Equity
(unaudited) (in thousands of Canadian dollars)								
Balance – January 1, 2015		\$ 33,711	\$ 2,293	\$ 4,573	\$ 92,600	\$133,177	\$ 27	\$ 133,204
Net income for the period					5,194	5,194	160	5,354
Other comprehensive income (net of taxes, \$nil)				5,919		5,919		5,919
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	5,919	5,194	11,113	160	11,273
Stock options exercised	9	44	(8)			36		36
Share-based compensation	10		283			283		283
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	14		-			-	(140)	(140)
Balance – September 30, 2015		\$ 33,755	\$ 2,568	\$ 10,492	\$ 97,794	\$ 144,609	\$ 47	\$ 144,656
Balance – January 1, 2016		\$ 33,755	\$ 2,641	\$ 12,176	\$ 97,270	\$ 145,842	\$ 37	\$ 145,879
Net income for the period					6,170	6,170	-	6,170
Other comprehensive loss (net of taxes, \$nil)				(2,364)		(2,364)		(2,364)
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period		-	-	(2,364)	6,170	3,806	-	3,806
Share-based compensation	10		373			373		373
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	14					-	(35)	(35)
Balance – September 30, 2016		\$ 33,755	\$ 3,014	\$ 9,812	\$ 103,440	\$ 150,021	\$ 2	\$ 150,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Nine months ended September 30,

(unaudited)(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	2016	2015
Cash provided by (used for)			
Operating activities			
Net income for the period		\$ 6,170	\$ 5,354
Items not affecting cash and cash equivalents			
Depreciation	5	7,267	6,813
Current tax provision	11	3,159	1,753
Deferred tax provision	11	11	445
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		147	(6)
Unrealized foreign currency exchange loss (gain)		185	(494)
Net interest expense	6, 7	1,223	1,377
Derivative financial instrument loss	8	474	478
Other	10	373	283
		19,009	16,003
Changes in non-cash items			
Trade and other receivables		(7,981)	(6,021)
Inventories		2,560	(3,403)
Other assets		(552)	(425)
Trade payables		564	63
Other liabilities		1,761	414
		(3,648)	(9,372)
Income tax payments		(2,848)	(20)
Payments for decommissioning of assets		(3)	-
Cash provided by operating activities		12,510	6,611
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	5	(10,296)	(3,413)
Loan advances		-	(400)
Proceeds from repayments of loans receivable		508	542
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		17	184
Cash used for investing activities		(9,771)	(3,087)
Financing activities			
Decrease in bank operating advances	6	-	(62)
Increase in Committed Revolving Term loan	7	3,405	-
Payment of term loans	7	(2,298)	(1,613)
Interest paid	6, 7	(1,077)	(1,286)
Payments on obligations under finance leases		(968)	(1,005)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	9	-	36
Payment of dividends by subsidiary to non-controlling interests	14	(35)	(140)
Cash used for financing activities		(973)	(4,070)
Foreign exchange on cash held in foreign currency		(28)	81
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,738	(465)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4,021	1,419
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		\$ 5,759	\$ 954

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

September 30, 2016 (Unaudited – in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Brampton Brick Limited and its subsidiaries, together referred to as the (“Company”), primarily manufacture and sell masonry and landscape products. The Company has clay brick manufacturing plants located in Brampton, Ontario and in Farmersburg, Indiana. Plants located in Markham, Hillsdale, Brampton and Brockville, Ontario and in Wixom, Michigan manufacture concrete masonry and landscape products. On April 9, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets of a concrete products manufacturing company, located at Boisbriand, in the Province of Quebec.

Brampton Brick Limited is incorporated and domiciled in Canada. The address of its registered office is 225 Wanless Drive, Brampton, Ontario.

The Company’s Class A Subordinate Voting shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol “BBL.A”. The Company’s Class B Multiple Voting shares do not trade on any public market.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 are unaudited and include all adjustments that management considers necessary for a fair presentation in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The Company’s business is seasonal. Results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full fiscal year or any other future period.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared using the same accounting policies applied to the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, along with applicable changes in accounting policies effective January 1, 2016, as described in Note 2 to the annual consolidated financial statements

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on November 9, 2016.

3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET APPLIED

The following is a brief overview of accounting standard changes and amendments that the Company will be required to adopt in future years.

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and addresses classification and measurement of financial assets. It replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (“IAS 39”) for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments. Such instruments are either recognized at fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where equity instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, dividends are recognized in profit or loss to the extent that they do not clearly represent a return of

investment; however, other gains and losses (including impairments) associated with such instruments remain in accumulated comprehensive income indefinitely.

Requirements for financial liabilities largely carry forward existing requirements in IAS 39, except that fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss would generally be recorded in other comprehensive income.

The Company is evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and is based on the principle that revenues should reflect the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to, in exchange for the transfer of promised goods or services. The standard provides a single, principle-based, five-step model for revenue recognition to be applied to all customer contracts and requires enhanced disclosures. The Company is evaluating the impact of this standard on the consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 Leases effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. It eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases as is required by IAS 17, Leases. It establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value for those transactions.

The standard introduces a single lessee accounting model which requires a lessee to recognize:

- a) assets by recognizing the present value of the lease payments;
- b) liabilities by recognizing its obligation to make future payments; and
- c) depreciation of lease assets separately from interest on lease liabilities in the income statement.

The Company is evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Amendment to IFRS 2, Share-based payment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and clarifies that:

- a) the accounting for the impact of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled, share-based payments should follow the equity-settled, share-based payments approach which is based on an assessment of the satisfaction of market conditions and performance conditions;
- b) a share-based payment transaction with a net settlement feature, permitting an entity to settle the net share-based payment arrangement by withholding a portion of the equity instruments to meet the statutory tax withholding obligation, should be classified as an equity-settled transaction in its entirety if the transaction would have otherwise been classified as equity-settled if it had not included the net settlement feature; and
- c) where the classification of a cash-settled, share-based payment is changed to an equity-settled, share-based payment, then the transaction is measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the modification date and recognized for services rendered up to the modification date. Any difference between the carrying amount of the liability with respect to the cash-settled, share-based payment and the amount recognized in equity is recorded in profit or loss, immediately.

This amendment is not expected to impact the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 are as below:

Amendment to IAS 7, Statement of cash flows requires the following disclosure for changes in liabilities arising from cash flows classified in the statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities:

- a) changes from financing cash flows;
- b) changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses;
- c) the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates;
- d) changes in fair values; and
- e) other changes.

This amendment has disclosure requirements and is not expected to impact the consolidated financial statements.

Amendment to IAS 12, Income taxes clarifies that in determining the deferred tax assets to be recognized on unrealized losses, taxation law restrictions on the sources of future taxable profits, against which deductions may be made on the reversal of deductible temporary differences, should be considered. Additionally, in estimating the probable future taxable profit, if there is sufficient evidence to conclude that it is probable that the entity will recover from a financial asset more than its carrying value, such amounts may be included. This amendment is not expected to significantly impact the consolidated financial statements.

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The secured, non-interest bearing, non-current loan receivable ("loan receivable") from Universal Resource Recovery Inc. ("Universal") totaled \$4,250 as at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 - \$4,700). A repayment in the amount of \$450 was received in July 2016.

In relation to this loan receivable, the Company has registered, as security, a mortgage on Universal's property located in Welland, Ontario.

Other Loans Receivable as at September 30, 2016 total \$274, of which \$186 is classified as non-current.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Mobile Equipment	Total
As at December 31, 2015					
Cost	\$ 86,991	\$ 34,665	\$ 153,234	\$ 7,391	\$ 282,281
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss	(18,146)	(17,100)	(73,613)	(5,331)	(114,190)
Net book value	68,845	17,565	79,621	2,060	168,091
For the nine months ended September 30, 2016					
Additions	1,535	1,539	6,656	316	10,046
Disposals	–	–	(151)	(9)	(160)
Depreciation for the period	(628)	(739)	(5,192)	(708)	(7,267)
Exchange differences	(328)	(370)	(1,378)	(16)	(2,092)
	579	430	(65)	(417)	527

As at September 30, 2016

Cost	87,853	35,426	156,492	7,589	287,360
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss	(18,429)	(17,431)	(76,936)	(5,946)	(118,742)
Net book value	\$ 69,424	\$ 17,995	\$ 79,556	\$ 1,643	\$ 168,618

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016, depreciation expense totaled \$2,470 (2015 - \$2,338) and \$7,267 (2015 - 6,813), respectively, of which \$2,389 (2015 - \$2,250) and \$7,027 (2015 - \$6,571), respectively, were included in Cost of sales and \$81 (2015 - \$88) and \$240 (2015 - \$242), respectively, were included in General and administrative expenses.

On April 9, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets from Eurobloq Inc., a concrete products manufacturing company located in the Province of Quebec for a purchase price of \$5,000 plus transaction costs. The assets acquired include land and buildings and concrete products manufacturing equipment, all located in Boisbriand, Quebec.

Mobile equipment and machinery and equipment includes the following amounts acquired by means of finance leases:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Cost – financed leases	\$ 7,860	\$ 7,879
Accumulated depreciation	(5,539)	(4,703)
	\$ 2,321	\$ 3,176

6. BANK OPERATING ADVANCES

The Company's credit facility provides for borrowings of up to \$22,000 (2015 - \$22,000) based on margin formulae for trade receivables and inventories, less priority claims and the mark-to-market exposure on swap contracts. It is a demand facility secured by a general security agreement over all assets excluding the Company's 225 Wanless Drive, Brampton, Ontario property. The agreement also contains certain financial covenants. As at September 30, 2016, the Company is in compliance with all the financial covenants.

As at September 30, 2016, the borrowing limit was \$22,000 (December 31, 2015 - \$22,000). The utilization was \$325 (December 31, 2015 - \$343) and comprised of outstanding letters of credit.

As at September 30, 2016, the rate of interest on the current account is based on the Canadian bank prime rate plus a credit spread of 0.75%. The Company's credit spread is variable and determined by its fixed charge coverage ratio.

7. DEBT

Debt consists of the following:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	\$	\$
Committed revolving reducing term loan – monthly instalments commenced July 2015 to July 2019 (a)	22,800	24,000
Committed revolving term loan – monthly instalments commenced July 2016 to December 2017 (b)	13,200	10,095
Demand non-revolving loan – monthly instalments commenced January 2014 to December 2019 (c)	1,672	2,252
Other term loans	22	245
	37,694	36,592
Obligations under finance leases	1,775	2,758

	39,469	39,350
Less: Payments due within one year – current portion	5,482	6,380
Non-current portion of debt	33,987	32,970

- (a) The \$24,000 committed revolving reducing term loan (“committed term loan”) bore interest at the bank’s prime rate plus 0.30% until January 29, 2015. Thereafter, the 30 day bankers’ acceptance rate plus a stamp fee of 1.80% is effective. The term of this loan is five years and requires monthly interest payments for its duration. Principal repayments of \$400 per month, from July to November, commenced in 2015 and continue until 2018, with a balloon payment on July 31, 2019. The committed term loan is secured only by a mortgage on the Company’s 225 Wanless Drive, Brampton, Ontario property.

On January 30, 2015, the Company entered into a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap agreement to fix the interest rate on this term loan, as further described in Note 8, ‘Derivative Financial Instrument’.

- (b) The committed revolving term loan bears interest at the bank’s prime rate plus 0.50%. Principal repayments of \$100 per month from July to November, which commence in 2016 and continue until 2017 with a maturity date of December 31, 2017, are scheduled on the committed revolving term loan.

On April 1, 2016 an amount of \$3,405 was drawn on the committed revolving term loan. The Company acquired certain assets for \$5,000 from Eurobloq Inc., a concrete products manufacturing company located in Boisbriand, Quebec, as described in Note 5. The purchase price including other related costs on this transaction was financed from both the demand operating credit facility and a drawdown on the committed revolving term loan.

The committed revolving term loan is secured by a mortgage over the Company’s properties located in Hillsdale and Markham, Ontario and two quarry sites located in Brampton and Cheltenham, Ontario.

- (c) The demand non-revolving loan obtained in 2013 was advanced to Universal to repay its then outstanding term loan balance and was recognized as a loan receivable, which is described in Note 4. An amount of \$450 was received from Universal in July 2016 and was applied towards the repayment of this demand non-revolving loan balance.

The agreements for these loans contain certain financial covenants. As at September 30, 2016, the Company is in compliance with all the financial covenants.

8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

The Company has entered into a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap with a current notional value of \$22,800 (originally \$26,000), to minimize its exposure to fluctuations in cash flows from changes in interest rates on the committed term loan of the same amount. The swap notional value will decrease proportionately with the outstanding balance of the underlying committed term loan as scheduled repayments are made over its duration. As a result of this transaction, the Company’s interest rate for the committed term loan is fixed at 3.69%.

The Company has not applied hedge accounting. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap recognized in ‘Finance expense’ on the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 amounted to unrealized gain of \$50 (2015 – loss of \$346) and an unrealized loss of \$474 (2015 – loss of \$478), respectively. The fair value of the interest rate swap derivative in the amounts

of \$209 (December 31, 2015 - \$248) and \$769 (December 31, 2015 - \$256) were classified as current and non-current derivative financial liabilities, respectively.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of Preference shares, Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares. The Class B Multiple Voting shares are convertible into Class A Subordinate Voting shares on a share-for-share basis at any time. Class A Subordinate Voting shares may be converted into Class B Multiple Voting shares in certain circumstances in connection with a takeover bid. Class A Subordinate Voting shareholders are entitled to one vote per share and Class B Multiple Voting shareholders are entitled to ten votes per share at any meeting of shareholders. The shares issued do not have a specified par value.

As at September 30, 2016, issued and outstanding share capital consisted of 9,208,623 Class A Subordinate Voting shares (December 31, 2015 – 9,208,623) and 1,738,631 Class B Multiple Voting shares (December 31, 2015 – 1,738,631).

There were no Class A Subordinate Voting shares purchased under the Company's Normal Course Issuer Bid, which commenced May 16, 2016 and ends on May 15, 2017.

There were no changes in the Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. During the second quarter ended June 30, 2015, 6,900 stock options were exercised at an average price of \$5.16. Proceeds from the issue of an equal number of Class A Subordinate Voting shares amounted to \$36.

10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Under the Brampton Brick Limited Stock Option Incentive Plan ("the Plan"), the Company may grant stock options to the directors, officers and full-time employees of the Company and its subsidiaries up to an aggregate of 1,680,965 (December 31, 2015 – 1,680,965) Class A Subordinate Voting shares. The exercise price of each stock option is equal to the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's Class A Subordinate Voting shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant and the maximum term of each option is ten years. As at September 30, 2016, a total of 62,265 (December 31, 2015 – 225,365) stock options were available for grant under the Plan.

The Company granted stock options to all executive officers, two employees and to all non-management members of the Board of directors of the Company on April 4, 2016. Options in each grant vest as follows: 20% on the date immediately following the date of the grant; and an additional 20% on each anniversary of the grant date thereof until fully vested.

Date of grant	April 4, 2016
Number of options granted	195,500
Market price	\$ 7.90
Fair value of each stock option granted	\$ 2.87
Assumptions:	
Risk-free interest rate	1.1%
Expected life	8.0 years
Volatility (determined by reference to historically observed prices of the Class A Subordinate Voting shares)	30.6%
Expected dividend yield	0.0%

Expected forfeitures

Nil

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016, the total compensation cost charged against income with respect to all stock options granted was \$95 (2015 - \$69) and \$373 (2015 - \$283), respectively.

As at September 30, 2016, an aggregate of 1,381,300 (December 31, 2015 - 1,218,200) stock options were outstanding, of which 1,013,300 (December 31, 2015 - 866,000) were fully vested and exercisable by the holders thereof at a weighted average exercise price of \$6.42 (December 31, 2015 - \$6.70) per share.

11. INCOME TAX

The Company computes an income tax recovery (provision) in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates. However, actual amounts of income tax expense only become final upon filing and acceptance of the tax return by the relevant authorities, which occur subsequent to the issuance of the financial statements. Additionally, estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the ability to use the underlying future tax deductions before they expire against future taxable income. The assessment is based upon existing tax laws and estimates of future taxable income. To the extent estimates differ from the final tax return, earnings would be affected in a subsequent period. The operations in Canada and the United States are subject to income tax at the following rates 26.5% (2015 - 26.5%) in the Canadian jurisdictions and from 34.0% to 38.2% (2015 - 34.0% to 38.5%) in the U.S. jurisdictions.

In interim periods, the income tax (provision) recovery is based on actual earnings by jurisdiction. The Company has not recorded a deferred tax asset with respect to the potential future income tax benefit pertaining to the losses incurred by its U.S. operations.

12. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Net income per share is calculated on net income attributable to the shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited using the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. The diluted net income per share is calculated to reflect the dilutive effect of the exercise of the outstanding stock options on net income per share.

The weighted average number of Class A Subordinate Voting shares and Class B Multiple Voting shares outstanding utilized in the calculations of net income per share is as follows:

Earnings per share attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited	Three months ended September 30					
	2016			2015		
	Net Income \$ (thousands)	Shares (thousands)	Per share amount \$	Net Income \$ (thousands)	Shares (thousands)	Per share amount \$
Basic	4,636	10,947	0.42	4,324	10,947	0.39
Dilutive effect of stock options		402	(0.01)		245	-
Diluted		11,349	0.41		11,192	0.39

Earnings per share attributable to shareholders of Brampton Brick Limited	Nine months ended September 30					
	2016			2015		
	Net Income \$	Shares (thousands)	Per share amount \$	Net Income \$	Shares (thousands)	Per share amount \$
Basic	6,170	10,947	0.56	5,194	10,943	0.47
Dilutive effect of stock options		350	(0.01)		233	(0.01)
Diluted		11,297	0.55		11,176	0.46

In determining the diluted earnings per share, 179,500 and 187,659 options to purchase Class A Subordinate Voting shares were considered anti-dilutive for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016, respectively (2015 – 211,900 for the three and nine month periods).

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at September 30, 2016, the Company had capital expenditure commitments with suppliers totaling \$1,777.

The Company normally enters into supply and transportation contracts for natural gas to satisfy its future requirements. As at September 30, 2016, the Company has contracted for its estimated remaining 2016 Canadian natural gas supply requirements at an aggregate estimated cost of \$477, none of which was at fixed prices, and for its estimated remaining 2016 Canadian transportation requirements at an aggregate estimated cost of \$307, of which 31% was at fixed prices. As at September 30, 2016, the Company's U.S. operations, have contracted for its October 2016 estimated natural gas transportation requirements at an estimated cost of \$9 at fixed prices. The potential unrealized gain on the fixed price contracts was approximately \$6 (2015 – unrealized gain of approximately \$76), which was not taken to income since these are supply contracts that will be charged to operations in the period the gas is consumed.

Letters of credit are issued by the Company's banker to provide security to certain service providers and in connection with certain governmental operating permits. The aggregate amount of letters of credit outstanding as at September 30, 2016 is \$325 (December 31, 2015 - \$343).

The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or liquidity.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has determined which of its customers are related to the Company via common directors or shareholders. Sales to these customers are made under competitive terms and conditions. These customers accounted for 3.9% (2015 – 2.8%) of revenues in aggregate for the three month period and 4.5% (2015 – 3.0%) for the nine month period ended September 30, 2016.

There were no purchases from related parties (2015 - \$1) for the three month period ended September 30, 2016. For the nine months of 2016 purchases from related parties were \$13 (2015 - \$51). Trade payables to related parties was \$70 as at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 - \$125).

During the second quarter ended June 30, 2016, dividends amounting to \$35 were paid to non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary company (2015 - \$140).

All related party transactions are accounted for at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

15. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company considers that for purposes of operating decision making and assessing performance it operates within two dominant business segments: Masonry Products and Landscape Products. Although the Company operates several plants, the nature of products, production methods and type of customers for their products and services share similar economic characteristics within each segment.

MASONRY PRODUCTS

Manufacture of clay brick and a range of concrete masonry products including stone veneer, concrete brick and block for use in residential construction and institutional, commercial and industrial building projects.

LANDSCAPE PRODUCTS

Manufacture of concrete paving stones, retaining walls, garden walls and sales of accessory products for use in residential construction and institutional, commercial and industrial building projects.

OTHER

Other business operations and assets consist primarily of a loan receivable from Universal.

Segmented information, with comparative information for 2015, is as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
i) Revenues				
Masonry Products	28,758	26,290	74,556	66,231
Landscape Products	15,053	14,175	31,731	28,435
Revenues	43,811	40,465	106,287	94,666
ii) Operating income (loss)				
Masonry Products	3,834	3,572	6,489	4,692
Landscape Products	3,150	3,116	4,548	4,718
Other	-	(1)	-	(3)
Operating income	6,984	6,687	11,037	9,407
Finance expense	(346)	(785)	(1,697)	(1,855)
Income taxes	(2,002)	(1,578)	(3,170)	(2,198)
Net income for the period	4,636	4,324	6,170	5,354
iii) Total assets			September 30, 2016 \$	December 31, 2015 \$
Masonry and Landscape Products			232,012	224,156
Other			4,256	4,973
Total assets			236,268	229,129

Certain long-term assets are used for both the Masonry Products and Landscape Products business segments. Assets do not form part of management's evaluation of performance of individual business units and therefore are not reported on a segmented basis.

Geographical information is as follows:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2016 Revenues \$	2015 Revenues \$	2016 Revenues \$	2015 Revenues \$
Canada	38,903	36,285	94,064	84,319
United States	4,908	4,180	12,223	10,347
	43,811	40,465	106,287	94,666
			September 30, 2016 Property, plant and equipment \$	December 31, 2015 Property, plant and equipment \$
Canada			128,089	125,619
United States			40,529	42,472
			168,618	168,091

16. SEASONAL FLUCTUATIONS

The Company's business is seasonal. Historically, sales and results are greater in the second and third quarters of each year than in the first and fourth quarters. The Landscape Products business segment is affected by seasonality to a greater degree than the Masonry Products business. Consequently, the results of operations and cash flows for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.



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